Patterns of Leadership and Their Cross-Cultural Implications

The GLOBE study of leadership identified six patterns of leadership in practice across the world. Anthropologists have long identified an additional pattern. We'll explore in greater depth these seven patterns of leadership and ask what they mean for missionaries, mission leaders, church planters, and those who lead cross-culturally.

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I. Pattern 1: Charismatic/value Based

A. Charismatic/Value Based leaders inspire, motivate, and expect high performance outcomes from others based on firmly held core values.

	Significantly higher than average in	Significantly lower than average in
Global	Latin America, Southern Asia	Middle East
regions		
European	Ireland	France, Kazakhstan
countries		

B. Important cultural values undergirding in this style of leadership

C. Implications

II. Pattern 2: Team-oriented

A. Team-oriented leaders emphasize effective team building and implementation of a common purpose or goal among team members.

	Significantly higher than average in	Significantly lower than average in
Global	Latin America	Middle East
regions		
European	Greece, Poland	France, Germany (East and West)
countries		

- B. Important cultural values undergirding in this style of leadership
- C. Implications

III. Pattern 3: Participative

A. Participative leaders involve others in making and implementing decisions.

	Significantly higher than average in	Significantly lower than average in
Global	None	Confucian Asia, Middle East,
regions		Southern Asia
European	Austria, France, Finland, Germany	Albania, Russia
countries	(East), Switzerland	

- B. Important cultural values undergirding in this style of leadership
- C. Implications

IV. Pattern 4: Humane-oriented

A. Humane-oriented leaders are supportive and considerate but also compassionate and generous.

	Significantly higher than average in	Significantly lower than average in
Global	Southern Asia, Sub-Saharan Africa	None
regions		
European	Albania, Georgia, Greece, Ireland	Denmark, France
countries		

- B. Important cultural values undergirding in this style of leadership
- C. Implications

V. Pattern 5: Autonomous

A. Autonomous leaders tend to act independently and with less collaboration.

	Significantly higher than average in	Significantly lower than average in
Global	Confucian Asia, Latin America,	None
regions	Middle East, Southern Asia, Sub-	
	Saharan Africa	
European	Austria, Georgia, Kazakhstan,	France, Hungary, Netherlands,
countries	Russia	Portugal,

B. Important cultural values undergirding in this style of leadership

C. Implications

VI. Pattern 6: Self-protective

A. Self-protective leaders ensure the safety and security of the individual and group through status enhancement and face-saving.

	Significantly higher than average in	Significantly lower than average in
Global	Confucian Asia, Middle East,	None
regions	Southern Asia	
European	Albania, Georgia,	France, Denmark, Finland, Sweden
countries		

- B. Important cultural values undergirding in this style of leadership
- C. Implications
- VII. Pattern 7 (from anthropology): Patron-Client
 - A. Patron-Client leaders **participate in a system of exchange of various types of capital which act as social glue binding them to each other, typically following patterns that reflect larger social power distance**.

Note: this leadership style was not measured in the GLOBE studies; typically it is identified with collectivism, large power distance, and high context communication countries.

- B. Important cultural values undergirding in this style of leadership
- C. Implications

Suggested Readings:

Developing Indigenous Leaders (Paul DeNeui, ed., William Carey)
Cross-Cultural Servanthood (Duane Elmer, InterVarsity)
Leading Across Cultures (James Plueddemann, InterVarsity)
Leading Multicultural Teams (Paul and Evelyn Hibbert, William Carey)
When Cultures Collide: Leading Across Cultures (Richard Lewis, Nicholas Brealey International)
The Culture Map (Erin Meyer, Public Affairs)